Identify and draw lines that are parallel to the axes
(1)

Which statement is correct? Tick your answer.
The $x$-axis and $y$-axis are perpendicular to each other.
The $x$-axis and $y$-axis are parallel to each other.Here is a blank coordinate grid.
a) Plot these points and draw lines to join them.

$$
(2,-3),(0,-3),(-1,-3),(-3.5,-3)
$$


b) Complete the sentences.

All of the $y$-coordinates are $\square$
They join to make the line $y=$ $\square$
c) Write the coordinates of three points that lie on the line $y=8$

(3)

Here is a blank coordinate grid.

a) Draw the line $x=2$ on the grid.
b) Write the coordinates of three points that lie on your line.

How do these tell you that your line is correct?
c) Write the coordinates of a point on the line $x=2$ that you cannot see on the grid. $\square$
d) Draw the line $y=1$ on the same grid.
e) Write the coordinates of the point where the lines $x=2$ and $y=1$ intersect. $\square$
4. The point $(-5,9)$ lies on which of these lines?
$y=-5 \square$ $\square$ $x=9$$y=9 \square$The points $T, U$ and $V$ are shown.
Tick the points that satisfy the statements in the table.


The graph shows 3 straight lines: A, B and C.

a) Which two lines are parallel to each other? $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ $-$
b) Which line is parallel to the $y$-axis? $\qquad$ -
c) What is the equation of line $A$ ? $\qquad$

# Which of these lines are parallel to the $x$-axis? 

$x=0 \square$
$6=y \square$
$6 y=2$
$3 y+8=0 \square$

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Here is a blank coordinate grid.

a) Plot the points $(2,-3),(4,-3),(2,1)$ and $(4,1)$. Join them to make a rectangle.
b) Write the equations for the two lines of symmetry of the rectangle.
$\qquad$ and $\qquad$

c) What are the coordinates of the centre of the rectangle?

d) What is the equation of line $C$ ? $\qquad$

