## Factorising expressions into a single bracket

## Core

1: Fill in the gaps to factorise this expression.

$$3x + 12 = 3(\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}})$$

- 2: Factorise 7y + 21
- **3:** Fully factorise 12x + 6
- 4: What number should go in the gap to factorise this expression?

$$6x + 14 = \_(3x + 7)$$

**5:** Fully factorise 8p + 12

## **Extension**

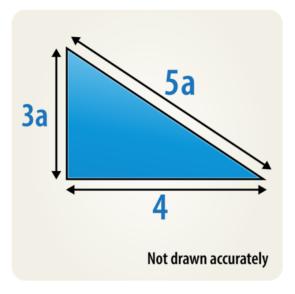
- 1: Factorise 5w 10
- **2:** Fully factorise 12x 6
- 3: Factorise 30x + 25
- **4:** Fully factorise 20p 28
- 5: What number should go in the gap to complete the equation below?

$$15x + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 3(5x + 6)$$

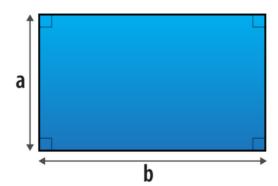
**6:** Fully factorise 15c + 24d

## Challenge

- 1: Expand then fully factorise 12(n+3)+4(n-3)
- **2:** Find an expression for the perimeter of this triangle. Factorise your answer as far as possible.



**3:** Write an expression for the **perimeter** of this rectangle. Factorise your answer where possible.



- **4:** Ewan was asked to factorise 4x + 8 fully. His working is shown below.
  - a) Write a sentence explaining why Ewan was not given full marks for his answer.
  - b) What answer should Ewan have given to the question?

$$4x + 8 = 2 \times 2x + 2 \times 4$$
  
= 2(2x + 4)

- 5: Florence thinks of a whole number, which she calls x. She multiplies it by 4 then adds 14 to the result. She calls this new number y.
  - a) Find an expression for Florence's new number, y.
  - b) Factorise the expression you found in part a).
  - c) Write a sentence to explain how you know from your answer to part b) that y is a multiple of 2.