1) 

| $50 \%=\frac{1}{2}$ so we can $\div 2$ | $10 \%=\frac{1}{10}$ so we can $\div 10$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $25 \%=\frac{1}{4}$ so we can $\div 4$ | $1 \%=\frac{1}{100}$ so we can $\div 100$ |

2) 


3)

| $25 \%$ of $£ 840=£ 210$ | $10 \%$ of $6 \mathrm{~kg}=600 \mathrm{~g}$ | $1 \%$ of $3400=34$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $25 \%$ of $5 \mathrm{~L}=1250 \mathrm{ml}$ | $1 \%$ of $7 \mathrm{~km}=70 \mathrm{~m}$ | $50 \%$ of $16.1=8.05$ |

1) False. To find $25 \%$ you need to divide by 4 as $25 \%$ is equivalent to $\frac{1}{4}$.

True. To find $1 \%$ we need to divide by 100. We can do it step by step by dividing by 10 twice.

This is false.
$1 \%$ of $8600=86$ and $10 \%$ of $890=89$
$86<891 \%$ of $8600<10 \%$ of 890
2) Joel's statement is incorrect because numbers which are not a multiple of 10 can still be divided by 10 but the answer will contain a decimal. $342 \div 10=34.2$

1) Answers may vary. Example answers shown.

| $40:$ | $3000:$ | $100:$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $25 \%$ of $40+50 \%$ of 60 | $50 \%$ of $4800+10 \%$ of 6000 | $1 \%$ of $6000+1 \%$ of 4000 |
| $640:$ | $4300:$ |  |
| $25 \%$ of $2500+25 \%$ of 60 | $50 \%$ of $5600+25 \%$ of $6000=4300$ |  |

2) Answers will vary. Example answers shown.
$25 \%$ of $5600-10 \%$ of $400=1360$
$25 \%$ of $4800-50 \%$ of $40=1180$
$50 \%$ of $6000-50 \%$ of $2500=1750$
$50 \%$ of $5600-25 \%$ of $4000=1800$
$25 \%$ of $6000-1 \%$ of $4800=1452$
